# **Bio 30 Nervous System Practice Exam**

- 1. Sensory and motor neurons of the peripheral nervous system transmit impulses between muscles and the
  - A. parasympathetic nervous system
  - **B.** sympathetic nervous system
  - C. central nervous system
  - **D.** endocrine system
- 2. Which sequence correctly shows the path of sound transmission in the ear?
  - **A.** Tympanic membrane  $\rightarrow$  eustachian tube  $\rightarrow$  semicircular canals  $\rightarrow$  cochlea
  - **B.** Tympanic membrane  $\rightarrow$  semicircular canals  $\rightarrow$  eustachian tube  $\rightarrow$  cochlea
  - C. Auditory canal  $\rightarrow$  ossicles  $\rightarrow$  tympanic membrane  $\rightarrow$  organ of Corti
  - **D.** Auditory canal  $\rightarrow$  tympanic membrane  $\rightarrow$  ossicles  $\rightarrow$  organ of Corti

Use the following information to answer the next **three** questions.

More than 4 000 Gulf War veterans complain of illness (Gulf War Syndrome). The veterans' symptoms include joint pain, shortness of breath, attention and memory problems, and chronic fatigue. During the war, most of the veterans took anti-nerve-gas pills. These pills contain pyridostigmine bromide, a drug that inhibits cholinesterase. Pyridostigmine bromide is also used to treat patients with *myasthenia gravis*, an inherited disorder characterized by weakness of skeletal muscles.

- 3. The role of cholinesterase in neural transmission is to
  - **A.** increase the rate of nerve impulse transmission
  - **B.** promote the breakdown of a neurotransmitter
  - C. increase the sensitivity of neural membranes
  - **D.** promote the synthesis of a neurotransmitter
- 4. Considering that the symptoms of Gulf War Syndrome include attention and memory problems, it is likely that pyridostigmine bromide has an effect on the
  - **A.** cerebrum
  - **B.** cerebellum
  - C. hypothalamus
  - **D.** medulla oblongata
- 5. In *myasthenia gravis*, a malfunction of neuromuscular synapses occurs. The information presented above indicates that the muscular weakness associated with this disorder occurs because
  - **A.** neurons secrete excess acetylcholine
  - **B.** neurons secrete insufficient acetylcholine
  - C. of increased permeability of membranes to sodium ions
  - **D.** of decreased permeability of membranes to potassium ions

*Use the following information to answer the next question.* 

Certain compounds known as opiates (opium, morphine, and codeine) are addictive drugs. Scientists have found that opiates work by binding to specific sites in the brain that interpret perceptions of pleasure and pain.

- 6. A likely explanation of how receptors in the human brain are stimulated by opiates is that opiates
  - A. bind to neurotransmitters
  - **B.** act in the same way as cholinesterase
  - C. increase the strength of action potentials
  - **D.** have molecular shapes similar to a neurotransmitter

#### *Use the following information to answer the next question.*

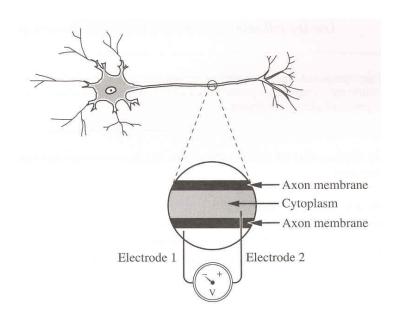
Sensory hair cells in the inner ear can be damaged by excessive noise or certain drugs. This may cause deafness or balance disorders. Research suggests that these cells have the ability to regenerate. In one study, the damaged inner ear tissue of guinea pigs was cultured in a dish. The damaged tissue produced new sensory hair cells. from *Gutin* 

- 7. Which parts of the ear contain these sensory hair cells?
  - A. Auditory nerve and cochlea
  - **B.** Eardrum and auditory nerve
  - C. Eustachian tube and eardrum
  - **D.** Cochlea and semicircular canals
- 8. Jogging will cause heart rate to change because of
  - A. increased sympathetic and decreased parasympathetic impulses
  - **B.** decreased sympathetic and increased parasympathetic impulses
  - C. increased sympathetic and decreased central nervous system impulses
  - **D.** decreased sympathetic and increased central nervous system impulses

*Use the following information to answer the next two questions.* 

#### Measuring the Membrane Potential of a Spinal Neuron

A microelectrode can be inserted into the axon of a neuron in order to measure the differences in charge between the outside and inside of the cell. A specialized, sensitive voltmeter is used to measure this difference. Electrode 1 is placed on the outside of the cell membrane and Electrode 2 is placed on the inside of the cell membrane.



- 9. The neuron in an experiment was taken from a spinal cord. The propagation of an action potential in the neuron was slower than the 24 m/s that is typical with sensory neurons. Why?
  - **A.** Myelination was absent in this spinal neuron.
  - **B.** Axon length is much longer in sensory neurons.
  - **C.** The Nodes of Ranvier were absent in sensory neurons.
  - **D.** The neurotransmitters were blocked in this spinal neuron.
- 10. Relative to inside of a neuron, the extracellular fluid immediately outside a resting neuron's cell membrane is
  - **A.** positive and the sodium ion concentration is less
  - **B.** negative and the sodium ion concentration is less
  - **C.** positive and the sodium ion concentration is greater
  - **D.** negative and the sodium ion concentration is greater

*Use the following information to answer the next question.* 

Morphine is a drug obtained from the opium plant. It is routinely given to postoperative patients on a short-term basis for pain. At high doses, it causes breathing and heart contraction to become suppressed.

- 11. What area of the brain is affected by high doses of morphine?
  - A. Pituitary
  - **B.** Cerebrum
  - C. Cerebellum
  - D. Medulla oblongata

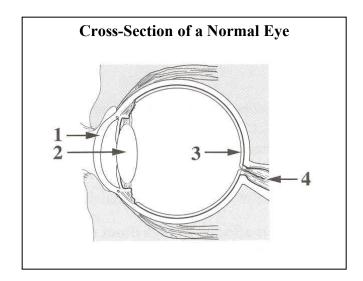
*Use the following information to answer the next question.* 

A high percentage of purebred dogs have genetic defects. Some examples of these defects follow.

- 1 Hip dysplasia, a defect in the hip joints that can cripple a dog, occurs in 60% of golden retrievers.
- 2 Hereditary deafness, due to a recessive autosomal disorder, occurs in 30% of Dalmatians.
- 3 Retinal disease, which may cause blindness, occurs in 70% of collies.
- 4 Hemophilia, an X-linked recessive disorder, is common in Labrador retrievers. Dwarfism is also common in this breed of dog.

—from Lemonick, 1994

Use the following additional information to answer the next question.



- 12. The structure that degenerates and causes blindness in collies is
  - **A.** 1
  - **B.** 2
  - **C.** 3
  - **D.** 4

Use the following information to answer the next question.

## Processes That Occur at a Neuromuscular Junction (A Type of Synapse)

- 1 Muscle fibres contract when sodium gates open allowing sodium ions to diffuse into the muscle cytoplasm.
- **2** Acetylcholine is released from the axon terminal.
- **3** Acetylcholine binds to the receptors on the muscle cell.
- 4 Cholinesterase breaks down acetylcholine, and the sodium gates close.

—from Guyton

### **Numerical Response 1**

An impulse arrives at an axon terminal that synapses with a muscle cell. Record the processes in the order that they occur at the synapse.

(Record your four-dig	it answer	in the numerica	l-response section	on of the	answer	sheet.)
Answer:	2314					